Race & Reefer Racial Disparities in Cannabis-Related Arrests

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INTRODUCTION

"In 2018 alone, there were almost 700,000 marijuana arrests, which accounted for <u>more than</u> 43% of <u>all</u> drug arrests."

"In fact, in 2018, police made <u>more marijuana arrests than for all violent crimes **combined**, according to the FBI."</u>

"...the system is spending roughly 3.6 billion dollars annually to enforce Cannabis possession laws..."

"On average... Black people are 3.64 times more likely to be arrested for marijuana possession than a white person, even though Black and white people use marijuana at similar rates"

POLICY PROPOSAL

	Wisconsin	Colorado
Arrests per Year Pre- 2012	~ 14,000	~ 13,200
Arrests per Year Post- 2012	~ 14,000	4,290
Population of State	~ 5.8 Million	~ 5.7 Million
How did it affect racial disparities?	No data to suggest any major change	72% decrease for white individuals 55% decrease among Hispanics
		63% decrease for Black individuals

CANNABIS LEGAL HISTORY: MAJOR EVENTS

- Reagan Administration & Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986
 - Reinstated mandatory prison time, including cannabis distribution
- Three-strikes law
 - Imposed mandatory life sentences for those convicted of an offense who have two previous serious convictions
- November 2012
 - o Colorado & Washington are the first states to legalize recreational cannabis
- December 2020
 - The HOR voted 228–164 to approve the Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment & Expungement (MORE) Act
 - Remove cannabis from the Controlled Substances Act
 - Expunge cannabis offenses for non-violent offenders
 - Impose a federal tax on cannabis products

PROS OF LEGALIZATION

- Reduces costs of enforcing criminal laws against cannabis (police, courts, prisons)
- Reduces social inequalities from unequal enforcement of criminal penalties
 - Reduces disproportionate incarceration of minority cannabis users
- May improve public health
- Enables cannabis to be better regulated
 - Standards set for improved quality, safety control, & THC levels
- Enables cannabis to be taxed
 - Public programs & worthwhile social purposes
- Dismantles the black market
 - Lowered prices → less secondary crime and drug violence

CONS OF LEGALIZATION

- Possible increase in the prevalence of <u>daily cannabis use</u> and the harms arising from it
- Negative environmental impact of growing more cannabis
 - Both indoor and outdoor
 - Deforestation, soil erosion, habitat destruction, degraded watersheds
 - Indoor growing is energy-consuming

BENEFIT-COST RATIO

- Benefits of legalization > potential public health concerns
- However, the benefit-cost ratio of cannabis use will depend on how liberally governments regulate its use and supply
- Policies available to government for liberalization of prohibition:
 - Removing criminal penalties for personal use while retaining the prohibition on commercial cannabis supply
 - The legalization of cannabis for medical use only
 - The legalization of adult cannabis use

A NEW LEAF

Biden's Plans for Cannabis Justice + Reform

- "Proclamation on Granting Pardon for the Offense of Simple Possession of Marijuana"
 - "Sending people to prison for possessing marijuana has upended too many lives and incarcerated people for conduct that many states no longer prohibit...<u>And while white and Black and brown</u> people use marijuana at similar rates, <u>Black and brown people</u> <u>have been arrested, prosecuted, and convicted at</u> <u>disproportionate rates."</u>

A NEW LEAF

Biden's Plans for Cannabis Justice + Reform

- Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Attorney General to initiate the administrative process to review expeditiously how cannabis is scheduled under federal law
 - Federal law currently classifies cannabis in Schedule I of the Controlled Substances Act
 - Classification of the most dangerous substances
 - This is the same schedule for heroin, LSD
 - Even higher than the classification of fentanyl and methamphetamine

INTOLERANCE IN THE TITLE

"...'marijuana' came into popular usage in the U.S. in the early 20th century because anti-cannabis factions wanted to underscore the drug's 'Mexican-ness.' <u>It was meant to play off of anti-immigrant sentiments.</u>"

Other names for the plant are: locoweed & Mexican marihuano

Harry Anslinger, is credited as saying: "There are 100,000 total marijuana smokers in the US, and most are N Hispanics, Filipinos and entertainers. Their Satanic music, jazz and swing result from marijuana use. This marijuana causes white women to seek sexual relations with N entertainers and any others."

The Scientific name is Cannabis, Indica, or Cannabis Sativa

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